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Artistic Chandeliers, Oil Lamps, &c. Second street, above Market, Maysville, Ky.

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Fresh Bread and Cakes made daily and delivered to any part of the city. Parties and weddings furnished on short notice. No. 26 Second street.

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Dentist,
Office: Sutton Street, next door to Postoffice.

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MONUMENTS, TABLETS.
Headstones, &c. The largest stock of the latest designs. The best material and work ever offered in this section of the state, at reduced prices. Those wanting work in Granite or Marble are invited to call and see for themselves. Second street, Maysville.

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Fifty thousand bolts Wall Paper. Brown 5 to 8 cents; White, 10 to 15 cents; Gilt, 10 to 40 cents. My entire stock to close as I desire to change business. A good chance to purchase a thriving and paying business.
A. J. McDOUGLE.

PHELPS ON FREE TRADE.

HE DOES NOT BELIEVE ENGLAND WOULD BE BENEFITED.

The English Realize That if We Should Adopt Such a Measure We Could, By Our Vast Resources, Cunning and Ingenuity Compete With Any Nation.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 21.—The Hon. Edward J. Phelps, the United States minister to England, arrived in New Haven at 2 p. m. Thursday and was driven immediately



to the residence of Professor Arthur M. Wheeler, whose guest he will be for the remainder of the week. The following conversation took place between Mr. Phelps and a reporter:

"What is the general sentiment in England, Mr. Phelps, in regard to the Mills bill?"

"Well, the number of people who have read it in its entirety are of course very few. What has been cabled to England has been but a synopsis, yet the drift of the bill is well understood to be a general reduction of taxes on certain imports to this country."

"It used to be the belief," continued Mr. Phelps, "among the people of England that the adoption by America of free trade would be of much benefit to England, but that belief is not universally shared at present. England now realizes that if America should adopt the doctrine of free trade and throw open its markets to the world it could, by reason of its own vast resources and by the ingenuity and cunning of its own people, compete with any nation. England, I say, realizes this. The United States could sell products to an enormous extent upon English soil, and reap from such sales and such commerce vast benefits. On the other hand the United States would have nothing to lose in the long run by opening its markets to England for we would lose nothing by such competition."

"Is the thought that England would lose more than she would gain by the adoption of free trade that of parliamentarians, or is it public opinion?"

"It is the opinion of the best informed Englishmen," answered Mr. Phelps.

AN EXPLOSION OF GAS

Demolishes a Bank and Injures Several People, at St. Cloud, Minnesota.

ST. CLOUD, Minn., May 21.—This city was startled at 7:30 Friday evening by a terrific explosion of gas in the basement of the First National bank building. The structure was completely demolished the front being hurled across the street, and shattering buildings on the opposite side. The streets in the vicinity were crowded with people, and many were injured, the following seriously:

T. Keller, head and face terribly cut.

James Hahn, skull fractured.

A. L. Huber, face, neck and head lacerated.

F. Tolman, hand broken, head and face cut.

J. Whitney, side cut open by a piece of plate glass, which has not yet been extracted.

Hahn and Whitney are not expected to recover.

The building caught fire and burned.

Seven Business Blocks Burned.

PORTLAND, Ore., May 21.—Fire broke out Thursday night in Palouse City, W. T., and destroyed a large portion of the business blocks. Nothing could be done to check the progress of the flames. Little of the contents of the houses was saved. Seven blocks in all were burned. The total loss is \$250,000; insurance \$75,000.

Arkansas Court Room Affray.

CLARKVILLE, Ark., May 21.—Friday Judge George Cunningham and Capt. A. P. McKinnon, one of the most prominent attorneys in the state, became involved in a serious difficulty. Cunningham was presiding over the Johnson county circuit court. His rulings were unsatisfactory to McKinnon, who took exception to them. Finally the judge fined him \$50. Words ensued and McKinnon attacked the judge with a knife and stabbed him several times about the face, head and neck, inflicting dangerous wounds. The spectators separated them. Excitement in the town over the affair is very high and friends of the parties will likely become involved.

Shot His Mother-in-Law.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., May 21.—Yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Jasper Bates shot his mother-in-law, Ann Smith, through the right hand and right leg, inflicting dangerous wounds. His wife had just given birth to a child, and he went to the trunk and got a revolver and was approaching the bed with it when his mother-in-law grabbed the weapon and the shooting followed. Bates is in jail on a charge of shooting with intent to kill.

No Prohibitionists There.

BOSTON, May 21.—There will sail from this port this week a vessel carrying 1,400 packages of New England rum. This is the largest cargo of the kind ever shipped from here to the African coast. During the year there 8,188 packages sent out, estimated to contain 500,934,416 drinks.

TWO MORE WHIPPINGS.

The Latest Raid of the Indiana White Caps—Bloodshed Feared.

FRANKFORD, Ind., May 21.—Mr. Frank Millican, who arrived here Friday evening from Grandview, reports that the famous White Caps, of Crawford county, Indiana, have extended their work into Spencer county. He states that about 11 o'clock Wednesday night a party of twelve or fifteen called at the house of a man named Stephen Wardel, living with his mother, a few miles from Newtonville.

They rapped at his door, and when he opened the door they pulled him out and dragged him to a tree about two hundred yards distant, to which they tied him, and administered fifty lashes. They then notified him to go to work and take better care of his mother, or they would visit him again with a double penalty. Wardel says the men were all well masked and that their voices sounded strange to him.

Several nights ago two of them went to the house of Mr. Smith Hogan, living in Grandview, and told him their buggy had broken down, and that they wanted him to help them repair it, so that they could proceed. He started with them, but after going a short distance through a small strip of woods ten more of the gang jumped from behind the trees, and binding him to a tree, gave him five lashes each, sixty in all. They then told him that the punishment was for wife-beating, of which it is said he was guilty. He was left lashed to the tree, and was released by his wife.

They then proceeded down to the river, where there were seven family boats tied to the bank, six of which they cut loose and shoved out into the river, and commanded them not to make another landing in Spencer county. They then left an order for the remaining boat to move on with twenty-four hours. The regulators left notice with a number of parties that they would have to leave the county within twenty-four hours, or they would visit them with a supply of switches. The citizens of the community are in a high state of excitement over the matter, and fear that it will end in bloodshed.

BASE BALL.

Present Standing of the League and American Association Clubs.

CINCINNATI, May 21.—The Reds still lead in the Association race and this table shows what the eastern and western clubs have been able to do in their sectional fights:

	Won.	Lost.
Cincinnati	18	5
Brooklyn	17	7
St. Louis	14	6
Baltimore	10	11
Athletics	10	12
Cleveland	8	15
Louisville	8	16
Kansas City	4	17

	Won.	Lost.
Chicago	17	4
Boston	15	8
Detroit	13	8
New York	11	8
Philadelphia	8	11
Pittsburgh	8	12
Indianapolis	7	14
Washington	3	17

On account of rain but one game was played Friday: Chicago, 13; Boston, 0.

Muldoon and Professor Miller to Wrestle.

BALTIMORE, May 21.—William Muldoon, of New York, and Professor William Miller have signed an agreement for a mixed wrestling and boxing match to take place in Baltimore in a month from now for \$250 a side.

Sporting Notes.

Winners at Brooklyn Friday were: Ban Clochi, Exile, Peril, Specialty, Joe Lee and Lottery.

Daniel Needham and John McCracken, who were about to fight in a ring, near Lo-Lansport, Ind., were both knocked out in one round by the sheriff.

The majority of the race horses now at Louisville will go to Latonia. The St. Louis meeting begins at the same time as the one there, but owners prefer the superior accommodations at Latonia.

The Louisville race course was like a lake, Friday, and the rain came down unceasingly, but the races were all run, nevertheless. Orderly won easily in the first, with Emma Johnson second. Terra Cotta won after a struggle from Hypaspia in the second. Wheeler T galloped home a winner as he pleased in the third race. Spectator and Lithbert were the other winners.

Fatal Walking Match.

NEW YORK, May 21.—Lewis Brandt, fifteen years old, and his young brothers and chums arranged a walking match in the house of Lewis' father, on Broome street. They walked in a circle through two rooms and a hallway. They had been three times past the starting point and the race was getting exciting, when Lewis suddenly stopped and put his hand to his head. The others raced on and two of them got around again to Lewis just in time to see him drop to the floor. He had died from a rupture of a blood vessel of the heart in consequence of excitement and too vigorous exertion.

Mrs. Parnell Home Again.

NEW YORK, May 21.—Mrs. Delia Stewart Parnell, mother of Charles Stewart Parnell, returned home yesterday on the White Star steamship Germanic. Mrs. Parnell made a visit to Ireland in the fall of last year and has remained there since, spending her time and recruiting her health, which has been very poorly lately, in the house in the County Wicklow, Ireland, where several of her children were born. Mrs. Parnell will take up her residence at the Stewart family house, Bordentown, N. J., for the present.

Death of an Inventor.

NEW YORK, May 21.—George M. Phelps, the well known inventor, died at his home in Brooklyn Friday night of paralysis at the age of sixty-nine. He was a native of Watervliet, N. Y. He was the inventor of the stock indicator, of an electro-printing, and many other devices used in telegraphy.

Shot and Killed His Wife.

ANGELICA, N. Y., May 21.—Charles Gilbert, of this place, shot and killed his wife this morning during a quarrel. Gilbert has not been captured yet. He was released from prison a short time ago, having been sent up for burglary. The parties were colored.

A SECOND ABE LINCOLN.

THE SHACKLES OF BRAZILIAN SLAVES BROKEN BY DOM PEDRO.

After Many Years He Succeeds in Abolishing the Infamous Traffic in Human Beings in the Great Empire—The Masters to Receive No Compensation.

NEW YORK, May 21.—A dispatch by way of Europe announced some days ago the total abolition of slavery in the empire of Brazil by act of parliament. There was no information given in relation to the conditions under which this important change was accomplished. No communication concerning it was received by the representative of Brazil in Washington, or at the Brazilian consulate in this city. A reporter has learned, however, from Baron Thomson, of Rio Janeiro, now residing in this city, all the circumstances connected with the recent decree.

Senor Dom Heitor Basos Cordeiro, chief of the police department of Rio Janeiro, is at present a guest of Baron Thomson, having arrived in New York a few days ago to study the police system of the United States, and to spend some time in travel. From him the baron had received authentic information concerning the recent history of the emancipation movement in Brazil.

"The passage of the law referred to," he said, "was anticipated for a long time. For years past the emperor, Dom Pedro, had set his mind on effecting the abolition of slavery in the empire."

"As far back as 1871 a law was passed for the gradual emancipation of the vast slave population, but it was badly administered, and in many places not enforced at all. A more stringent law was passed in 1885, where all persons born in slavery should be free at the age of twenty-one, and all slaves over sixty years of age should be entitled to liberty."

"To facilitate the operation of this law, a deduction of 6 per cent. for each year was made in the value of each slave, and a tax of 5 per cent. on all imports and internal taxes was imposed for the government emancipation fund. Voluntary societies for buying up slaves sprang up in almost every city, and one province freed all its slaves by paying the masters the government valuation. Still, the emperor was not satisfied with the slowness of this progress, and through his influence, a bill for the immediate emancipation of the slaves was introduced into parliament at each session."

"On leaving Rio Janeiro for his European tour last July he passed the helm of affairs to his daughter Isabella, the princess regent, with the injunction that she would leave no means unexercised to bring about the passage of the emancipation bill. The bill was presented and the ministry, refusing to pass it, resigned. A new ministry was formed and the bill was passed by both houses."

"It had been the intention of the parliament on the advent of the new ministry to pass the bill on the day of the emperor's return to Rio Janeiro as a compliment to his majesty, but after more serious consideration they concluded to act at one and not leave so important a matter to chance."

"A condition of the new law requires that all the emancipated negroes now on the coffee plantations must remain there until the next coffee crop is gathered in, but in the meantime they are to receive a small rate of wages from their former owners. The freedmen, during this period, shall not be locked up in their quarters as formerly, and may, outside of the working hours, go where they please within certain limits. The former owners receive no compensation, the government holding that they have been sufficiently compensated already by the fruits of the unpaid labor of the slaves in the past."

"By the recent emancipation law, nearly 1,500,000 slaves are freed from servitude. Outside of the plantations slavery in Brazil was not an abused institution, the slaves in private houses being almost invariably regarded and treated as members of the family."

"In recognition of this enlightened measure, removing the last stain of slavery from the new world, Pope Leo XIII has sent the golden rose to the princess regent of Brazil."

IT RAINED BUGS.

A Strange Phenomenon Which Has Happened Several Times in Georgia.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 21.—A few nights ago the inhabitants of Ninety-Six and those of the surrounding country for several miles were aroused from sleep. It was about 10 o'clock that a loud roaring was heard, which the people believed was an approaching tornado. A short while later the noise became more distinct, and the air was filled with a moving black mass that fell in showers of bugs, covering the ground in many places an inch thick. Large pine fires were built, in which many of the bugs were destroyed. Every night since at exactly the same hour there is a similar occurrence. The people now prepare for them by building fires and putting vessels of water to destroy them as they fall.

Professor B. Vondahlen, a scientist of note, has visited the place so as to witness this phenomena. He has examined the bug, and asserts that he has never found it before in this country. It is a species that is peculiar to the southern part of Africa, and a few years ago rained down upon the people of that section every night for six months in the year. The bug is about the size of the June bug, black and rough, with long, pointed, gauzy wings. It is harmless, and dies soon after touching the ground.

Again Postponed.

CHICAGO, May 21.—Chairman Midgley announces that the meeting of the committee on uniform classification, which was to have been held in New York May 23, must again be postponed. The reason is that some of the members will be in attendance on the meeting of the Transcontinental association, at San Francisco, on the date named.

To Be Strangled in Private.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 21.—Andrew Patterson, convicted in Brooks county of the murder of Lucius Williams on the 4th of February, was yesterday sentenced to be hanged in private on the 13th of June.

WILL TAKE IT TO CHICAGO.

The Libby Prison Building Turned Over to Its New Owner.

RICHMOND, Va., May 21.—The old Libby prison building has been turned over to W. H. Gray, of Chicago, its purchaser, the



LIBBY PRISON.

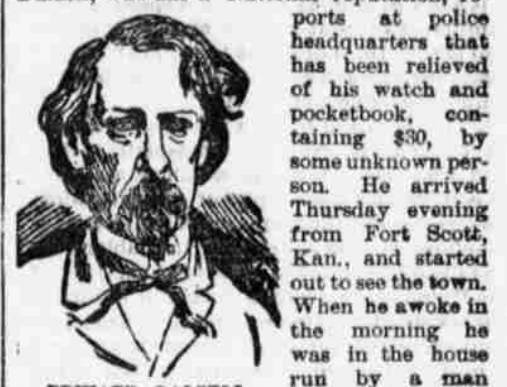
price paid being, it is said, \$23,000. The work of removing the historic structure to Chicago, where it will be used as a museum, will begin at once.

Side tracks will be run alongside the building, which will be taken down piecemeal and carefully numbered, so that it may be set up in Chicago exactly as it stands here. Some feeling has been expressed in this city against permitting the removal of the old landmark, but the general sentiment is that Mr. Gray had bought and paid for the building, no obstacles should be placed in the way of his disposing of it as he sees fit.

PRIVATE DALZELL.

While Seeing the Town He is Robbed of a Watch and Chain in Kansas City.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 21.—Private Dalzell, who has a National reputation, re-



ports at police headquarters that has been relieved of his watch and pocketbook, containing \$30, by some unknown person. He arrived Thursday evening from Fort Scott, Kan., and started out to see the town. When he awoke in the morning he was in the house run by a man named Collier, on Sixth street, near Bluff. His watch and money were missing. Collier is an ex-member of the Salvation Army.

BUSINESS.

How Things Are Coming According to Dan's Review.

NEW YORK, May 21.—R. G. Dun & Company's weekly review of trade says: In spite of the unbending and unconquerable vitality of the country, periods of temporary hesitation or reaction are inevitable, and one has apparently been reached. But for the movement of foreign capital this way to pay for bonds and stocks a heavy outgo of gold would be required to meet the excess of imports over exports. Success in borrowing foreign money to pay for imports makes the market for securities strong and money here is superabundant. But meanwhile collections at an increasing number of points in the interior are slow; the caution of buyers checks production in important industries, and crop prospects are not flattering.

For the time the tendency is toward a decrease in production. Later reports as to what have but slightly modified impressions given by the bureau in its May statement. Present indications do not warrant expectation of a yield exceeding 400,000,000 bushels, which, with surplus carried over, would not permit exports much exceeding 100,000,000 bushels, or 53,000,000 bushels less than last year's.

An important change in many directions is the shrinkage in house building, which appears at many points 30 to 50 per cent. below last year's record. The decrease in railroad building affects other branches of industry. The weakness in iron has been recognized in a reduction of the contract price for Thomas No. 1 pig to \$18, which is expected to cause a number of furnaces to suspend operations. No change is noted in rails, but bar iron is quoted a shade lower. The competition of southern furnaces in a time of shrinkage demand is now important.

The dry goods market has not materially changed. Restricted and hard to mouth dealings are the rule. It is complained that the retail trade in some parts of the country is backward, as is natural when crops and crop prospects are unsatisfactory. Dress goods are quiet, but some worsted mills about Philadelphia are expected to close for a time, and prices of wool average a shade lower than May 1. The caution of buyers is still felt in the boot and shoe trade, which is not entirely satisfactory, though it is said that prices are a little stiffer. The output of anthracite coal was 69,796 tons smaller in April than last year; but the stocks on hand increased during the month 267,605 tons, indicating decreased consumption.

The exchanges at all clearing houses were about 2 per cent. smaller last week than for the same week in 1887. Failures for the week: United States, 163; Canada, 26. Total 189, compared with 209 last week, and 180 same week last year.

NEW YORK, May 21.—Frederick Marsden, the playwright, forty-years old, of No. 318 West One Hundred and Twenty-Sixth street, was found dead in his room this morning, having committed suicide during the night by turning on the gas.

A Burglary Raid.

HARTFORD, Conn., May 21.—The residence of Dr. R. G. Gatling, of this city, the invention of the machine gun, was entered by burglars, early, and a number of gold and bronze medals and articles of value were stolen.

Mineral Springs Sale.

PORTSMOUTH, O., May 21.—Col. Coates, George Davis, Floyd Smith and A. C. Barton, have bought the Adams county mineral springs for \$12,000.

Will Hang July 18.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., May 21.—Henry Ebert, the convicted wife murderer, was sentenced to be hanged on Wednesday, July 18.

A Young Broker Suicides.

SUMMIT, N. J., May 21.—Robert Tarnold, a young broker, shot himself dead Friday night at his residence here.